





امتحان دبلوم التعليم العام للعام الدراسي ١٤٣٦/١٤٣٥ هـ - ٢٠١٤ / ٢٠١٥ م الدور الأول - الفصل الدراسي الأول

تنبیه: • المادة: 'English Language 'A'

• الأسئلة في (١٥) صفحة.

• زمن الإجابة: ثلاث ساعات.

• الإجابة في الورقة نفسها.

تعليمات وضوابط التقدم للامتحان:

- الحضور إلى اللجنة قبل عشر دقائق من بدء الامتحان للأهمية.
 - إبراز البطاقة الشخصية لمراقب اللجنـة.
- يمنع كتابة رقم الجلوس أو الاسم أو أي بيانات أخرى تدل على شخصية الممتحن في دفتر الامتحان، وإلا ألغى امتحانه.
- يحظر على الممتحنين أن يصطحبوا معهم بمركز الامتحان كتبا دراسية أو كراسات أو مذكرات أو هواتف محمولة أو أجهزة النداء الآلي أو أي شيء له علاقة بالامتحان كما لا يجوز إدخال آلات حادة أو أسلحة من أي نوع كانت أو حقائب يدوية أو آلات حاسبة ذات صفة تخزينية.
- يجب أن يتقيد المتقدمون بالزي الرسمى (الدشداشة البيضاء والمصر أو الكمة للطلاب والدارسين والزي المدرسي للطالبات واللباس العماني للدارسات) ويمنع النقاب داخل المركز ولجان الامتحان.
 - لا يسمح للمتقدم المتأخر عن موعد بداية الامتحان بالدخول إلا إذا كان التأخير بعذر قاهر يقبله رئيس المركز وفي حدود عشر دقائق فقط.

الالتزام بالإجراءات الواردة في دليل الطالب لأداء امتحان شهادة	
م التعليم العام. ، المتقدم بالإجابة عن أسئلة الامتحان المقالية بقلم الحبر (الأزرؤ يُسود).	- يقوم
يسود). المتقدم بالإجابة عن أسئلة الاختيار من متعدد بتظليل كل (() وفق النموذج الآتي:	- يقوم
عاصمــة سلطنة عمــــان هي: القاهرة	\supseteq
 ن. يتم تظليل الشكل () باستخدام القلم الرصاص وعند الخطأ، امسح بعناية لإجراء التغيير. 	ملاحظة

صحیح 🗨 غیر صحیح 🖵 💽

مُسَوَّدَة، لا يتم تصحيحها

Listening 1 (Items 1 – 7)

(7 marks)

You're going to hear a conversation between two foreign students at a university in the USA. Listen and shade in the bubble (\bigcirc) next to the correct option.

1.	The two speakers are g	going to the	-•
	classroom	☐ library	assembly hall
2.	In Japan, the school ye	ear starts in	
	☐ February	☐ April	☐ September
3.	Japanese schoolchildre	en havewee	eks' holiday every year.
	□ 6	8	□ 12
4.	In Germany, uniforms a	are worn in	schools.
	O no	o some	☐ all
5.	Students have to tidy u	up the classrooms in	
	Germany, but not Japan	Japan,but not Germany	both countries
6.	Sophie studied	at school.	
	☐ French	C Latin	Spanish
7.	In Germany, exams cor	nsist mostly of	questions.
	essay	short answer	multiple choice

Listening 2 (Items 8 – 15)

(8 marks)

You're going to hear a woman talking about a trip to Thailand.						
Part	One	: For each questio	n, write a s	short answer (not mo	re than	FOUR WORDS).
8.	In w	hat part of Thailand	is the elep	hant camp?		
9.	Wha	t is the minimum ac	ge for visito	ors?		
10.	Fors	safety reasons, what	t must all vi	sitors be able to do?		
11.	How	did they get from t	the camp to	o the park?		
<u>Part</u>	Two	: For each item, sh	hade in the	bubble (□) next to	the corre	ct option.
12.	At th	ne park, the speaker	r bought $_$	·		
		a wooden statue		an interesting book		an unusual painting
13.	In th	e evening, she espe	ecially enjoy	yed the	•	
		dance performance		cooking lesson		film show
14.	On t	he	day, th	ney went elephant-ridi	ng.	
		first		second		third
15.	The	best rider in the fan	nily was hei	r		
		husband		daughter		son
			Do not	write in this space		

Vocabulary 1 (Items 1 - 5)

(2½ marks)

For each item, shade in the bubble (\bigcirc) next to the correct option.

	The <i>Pocket Mobile Printer</i> is a new mini-printer designed to (1) in the palm							
	of your hand. It is incredibly (2), weighing only 200 grams. It has man							
	useful	options. For exa	mple	, you can ⁽³⁾		your photos by o	hang	ing colour,
	bright	ness, contrast, etc	c. Yo	u can even add a	frame	e to the edge of a	pictu	re to make
	it look	really (4)	! T	he Pocket Mobile	Prin	ter also (5)	yc	ou to make
	your c	own publications,	such	as newsletters.				
1.		enrol		twist		fit		shift
2.		light		huge		sturdy		massive
3.		remove		install		switch		edit
4		flavilala				ali ima avi		حادثان بعد
4.		flexible		awful		clumsy		stylish
5.		reminds		allows		forbids		forces

Vocabulary 2 (Items 6 – 10)

(2½ marks)

For each item, read the definition and the example. Then complete the word in the space provided. You are given the first letter(s) of the word. Make sure your **spelling** is **correct**.

Example: (noun) a room where food is prepared and cooked e.g. They keep the fridge in the kit c h e n.

6. (noun) a sign that shows that you have an illness

e.g. Tiredness is a common **sym** __ _ _ of diabetes.

7. (verb) to disagree (angrily) with someone

e.g. My brothers always **ar** __ _ over which TV programme to watch.

8. (noun) something that you do regularly or usually, often without thinking.

e.g. Jameel has a bad **ha** _ _ _ of leaving everything until the last minute.

9. (adjective) behaving in a way that is not polite

e.g. It's very $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}$ to walk past somebody you know without greeting them.

10. (noun) someone who is unable to stop doing something

e.g. My nephew is a complete video games *ad* __ _ _ _ .

Grammar 1 (Items 1 – 5)

(2½ marks)

For each item, shade in the bubble (\square) under the correct option.

Speaker A:	I haven't seen you (1) a long time! What happened?
Speaker B:	Nothing to worry about! I've been (2)
Speaker A:	But you finished university two months (3)!
Speaker B:	I know, but now I'm doing a French course. I'm hoping (4)get a job in Paris.
Speaker A:	Interesting! I wish I (5) help, but I don't know any French!

	ago	before	can	could	for	if	since	studied	studying	to
1.	0	0		0			0	0	0	0
2.		0	0	0		0		0	0	0
3.			0			0		0		0
4.			0					0	0	
5.										

Grammar 2 (Items 6 – 10)

(2½ marks)

Complete each sentence with **ONE WORD** only.

- 6. "I ______ be very surprised if our team win the match tonight."
- 7. I wasn't able to meet them. When I arrived there, they _____ already left.
- 8. "Wow! _____ a fantastic picture! Are you a professional photographer?"
- 9. Five years ago, when he joined the company, he said he _____ never leave.
- 10. My article will _____ published next week.

Reading 1 (Items 1 – 10)

(10 marks)

Read this email. Then complete the task.

12th December 2014

Dear Hamed,

How are you? I hope you're OK. As for me, I'm still in Qatar attending the Gulf Careers Exhibition. To my surprise, I met an old friend there. His name is Salah Al-Alyani, and it so happens he is now Deputy Director of Air Traffic Controller Training here. He invited me to go with him to the centre, which is not far from the exhibition hall.

I must say, I was very impressed. It's a fascinating place with brand-new buildings and all the latest facilities. I thought I was in a real airport, not just a training centre! After having coffee and chatting for some time, he was keen to show me their full package of training courses. He also took me on a tour around the centre. It was very interesting. The training involves using computerised aviation games which are just like real life. I also talked to some of the trainees. They all showed great interest in what they were doing, and were obviously working very hard.

When we got back to his office, I told him about you. I said you have already graduated from the College of Engineering at SQU, but are not sure about what to do next. Then I asked him about the acceptance conditions for a place at the centre. He was delighted at the idea and assured me that everything would be alright, as you already have an engineering qualification. So, if you're interested, all you have to do is send in your CV and then attend an interview with the trainers.

The interview will be in English, as that is the language of instruction for the whole course. I have no doubt about your language skills or your knowledge of general science and engineering. But one tip: I'd suggest that, before the interview, you familiarize yourself with aviation-related topics. I'm sure there are lots of sources, such as magazines, newspapers and, of course, the Internet.

I also asked Salah about the course itself. It is very demanding, but I know you are not afraid of hard work! It consists of two parts: a general course lasting three months, followed by a specialized course lasting six months. Classes start early in the morning, and then again in the afternoon — and you are also expected to continue studying independently in the Learning Centre for two or three hours every evening.

The next course will start in April, with interviews in January. So you'll have to make up your mind quickly! But I really would recommend that you grab this opportunity. I'm attaching the website details, in case you have any queries. The exhibition goes on for three more days, then I'm flying back home. So we can discuss it further then...

As ever,

Uncle Saif

Reading 1 (continued)

For	each	item, shade in the bubble) next to the correct optio	n.	
1.		is in Qatar sight-seeing		on a business trip	0	for medical treatment
2.	Пег	net his old friend, Salah, a an exhibition	_	a coffee shop		the airport
3.	Whe	en he visited the training of architecture	centre	e, he was surprised by its		modernity
4.	He v	vas also impressed by the motivation	_	of the trainees.		intelligence
5.	To b	e accepted on the Air Tra take a test	_	Controllers' course, Hameo	_	
6.	Saif	advises him to improve hi	_	owledge of engineering	_	languages
7.	The	whole course will take _		months.	0	9
8.	The	course requires a great deal of homework	0	completion of a project	0	very long hours of study
9.	If he	is accepted, Saif will beg January	in stu	udying in April		December
10.	For	more information, Hamed	l shou	uld write to Salah	0	fly to Qatar
		website		Al-Alyani		immediately
		Do	not	write in this space		

Reading 2 (Items 11 – 20)

(15 marks)

Read the following newspaper article. Then complete the tasks.

('The Times', 3rd September 2014): Currently, 'Formula One' car races attract a worldwide audience and a great deal of money. However, with the noise and environmental pollution they cause, many people are beginning to lose interest. So, people have come up with a new idea: 'Formula E'.

'Formula E' is a new competition that uses 'e-cars', that is, racing cars powered by electricity. The first-ever season is scheduled to start on the streets of Beijing in ten days' time, and will finish in London on 27th June next year. Altogether, there will be ten races in Asia, South America, North America and Europe. The plan is to run these races on short circuits, just 2.5 km to 3 km long, specially built in city centres.

At each race, the programme will consist of three phases: practice, qualification, and finally the actual race. Unlike 'Formula One', in which each of these phases takes place on a separate day, everything will happen on the same day, with the race itself in the evening. It is hoped that this will make the event more interesting, and much cheaper, for fans. The race will be 50-60 minutes in length, and will include one very unusual feature. Halfway through, the drivers will have a special 'pit stop', during which they will jump out of their cars, get into a new car, and then continue racing! They have to do this because the batteries which power their cars' engines only last for half-an-hour.

Ten teams will compete against each other, with each team consisting of two drivers. These drivers are mostly young, but also include some famous names — former Formula One drivers like Alain Prost — and three women. In Season One, everybody will use the same type of e-cars, the 'Spark-Renault SRT'. But in the second season, each team will design its own cars, as in 'Formula One'.

In many ways, these cars are not very remarkable. In size and shape, they are similar to 'Formula One' cars. With a top speed of over 300 kph, the latter are still about 30% faster, but 'e-cars' are still already surprisingly quick — capable of achieving a speed of 215 kph — and will surely become quicker as the technology progresses, especially in the form of lighter, longer-lasting batteries. The most obvious difference is that 'e-cars' have very quiet engines, which only make a high-pitched 'whooshing' sound, rather than the deep-throated roar of a petrol engine. This makes the whole experience of driving the cars, and watching the races, very different indeed!

The main goal of 'Formula E' is, of course, to promote the use of electric cars throughout the world, helping to reduce environmental pollution and improve human health. So the founders believe in it; the teams and the drivers trust it; several celebrities have spoken out in support of it; but will the public accept it? We shall see...

Reading 2 (continued)

Гask	ask 1: For each question, write a short answer (not more than FOUR WORDS).							
11.	. When will the first race take place?							
				(date)				
12.	Whe	ere will the race tracks be	built					
13.		at is the maximum length	of ea	ch race?				
14.	. Who designed the cars for the first season?							
15	At	present, how fast can 'e-c		Jo?				
Гask	2:	For each item, shade in th		oble () next to the c	orrect o	ption.		
16.	In th	ne middle of each race, te	eams v	will change				
		batteries		drivers		cars		
17.	Ena	ineers will focus most of	their a	attention on improving	the e-c	ar's		
		engines		shape		batteries		
18.	The	biggest difference betwe	een th	e two types of cars is i	n their ₋			
		appearance		speed		sound		
19.	The	long-term aim of 'Formu	la F' i	s to				
		save the environment	_			make driving safer		
20	The	writer is a	about	the future success of 'F	- ormula	F'		
- • •		open-minded	_	confident		doubtful		
		D	o not	write in this space				

Writing 1	(10 marks)
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Write at least 100 words on the following topic:

" "If individuals commit a serious crime, their names and photos should be shown in the media."

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be clear and convincing .				
Do not write in this space				

Diploma, English 'A', Semester One – First Sessi	on	Academic Year: 2014/2015
	Do not write in this space	

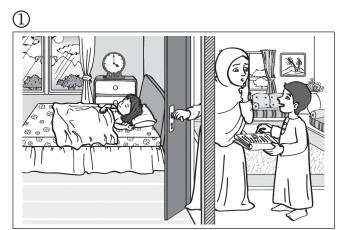
Writing 2 (10 marks)

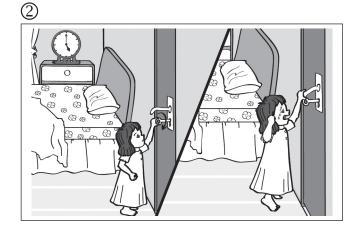
Write a story of at least 100 words based on the following pictures.

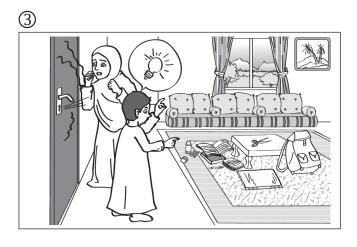
You can use the words in the box to help you.

You can also put in more details to make your story lively and interesting.

asleep	get up	lock	cry
file	push/ pull	key	open/ door













Diploma, English 'A', Semester One – First Session	Academic Year: 2014/2015
Do not write in this space	

Diploma, English 'A', Semester One – First Session	Academic Year: 2014/2015
[End of Examinatio	n]
Do not write in this spa	ace



GENERAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA ENGLISH LANGUAGE 'A' SEMESTER ONE, 2014/2015, FIRST SESSION



MARKING GUIDE

TOTAL MARKS: 70

page 1 of 7

			LIS	TENING 1 (7 mks)		
1.	0	classroom	•	library	0	assembly hall
2.	0	February	•	April	0	September
3.	•	6	0	8	0	12
4.	•	no	0	some	0	all
5.	0	Germany, but not Japan	0	Japan, but not Germany	•	both countries
6.	0	French	0	Latin	•	Spanish
7.	•	essay	0	short answer	0	multiple choice
Note	es: On	e mark each. Responses m	ust be	indicated <u>clearly</u> .		



LISTENING 2 (8	mks)
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- 8. (the) south / southern (Spelling of 'south' must be correct)
- 9. seven / 7 (Do not accept any additional numbers)
- **10.** swim
- 11. (by) boat / river / water / yacht (Answers must be spelt correctly)
- 12. O a wooden statue o an interesting book an unusual painting
- 13. dance performance cooking lesson film show
- 14. O first second third
- 15. O husband o daughter o son

Notes: One mark each.

Qs 8-11: (i) Notes: 1) **Grammatical mistakes** (e.g. 'swimming', 'swam', 'swimmer', etc): These should be ignored, as long as it is clear that the substance of the answer is correct.

2) As stated in the instructions, answers should consist of <u>not more than four words</u>. (<u>Note</u>: When counting the words, do <u>not</u> include any words provided by the exam-writers.) Longer answers will normally be marked wrong. HOWEVER, if a student has written one (or even two) extra words and the answer is <u>convincing</u> and <u>clearly correct</u>, common sense should be applied and marks awarded, on a case-by-case basis.

Qs 12-15: Responses must be indicated clearly.

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Dip	loma	, Engli	sh 'A', S	em. 1, 201	14/15, 1 st :	Sess.:	Markin	g Guid	le 📗	المُولِلِيِّةِ لِيمِيِّةِ الدُولِيِّةِ المِنْ الدُّمِيِّةِ الدُّمِيِّةِ الدُّمِيِّةِ الدُّمِيِّةِ الدُّمِيِّةِ	pagزارة التربي	e 3 of 7
					VOCA	BULAR	Y 1 (2.	5 mks		45)	ال ووره وهداري	
1.	0	enrol		0	twist		•	fit		Con S	Shift	
2.		light		0	huge		0	sturd	у	0	massive	
3.	0	remo	ve	0	install		0	switc	h	•	edit	
4.	0	flexib	le	0	awful		0	clum	sy	•	stylish	
5.	0	remin	ds		allows		0	forbio	ls	0	forces	
Not	<u>es</u> : H	alf-a-m	ark each.	Respons	ses must b	e indica	ated <u>clea</u>	arly.				
ir-												
					VOCA	BULAR	Y 2 (2.	5 mks)			
6.	sym	<u>ptom</u>					9. r	<u>ude</u>				
7.	ar <u>g</u>	<u>ue</u>					10. a	ad <u>dict</u>				
8.	ha <u>b</u>	<u>it</u>										
Not	<u>es</u> : Ha	alf-a-m	ark each.	Spelling	<u>must</u> be c	orrect.					-	
					GRA	MMAR	1 (2.5	mks)				
	a	go	before	can	could	for	i	f	since	studied	studying	to
1.	<	>	0	0	0		<	>	0	0	0	0
2.	<	>	0	0	0	0		>	0	0		0
3.			0	0	0	0	<	>	0	0	0	0
4.		>	0	0	0	0		>	0	0	0	
5.	<	>	0	0		0		>	0	0	0	0

Notes: Half-a-mark each. Responses must be indicated clearly.

	19 Wile
page 5 of 7	وَزُلْرُهُ كُلِلْمَرِينِينَ وَلِالْتَسْانِينَ وَلِلْمَاتِينِ وَلِلْمَاتِينِ وَلِلْمَاتِينِ وَلِلْمَاتِينِ اللّ وَلُونَهُ وَلِلْوَمُبِالِانَ وَلِقَارَةُ وَلِوَمَتَهِ اللّهِ مِنْهِ اللّهِ وَلِقَارَةُ وَلِوَمَتَهِ اللّهِ مَ
	1000

doubtful

				11 - 11 - 1223	11 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 11
		RE	ADING 2 (15 mks)	(2)	37//
11.	13 th September (2014) / 13 S	Sept (20	014) / 13/9/(2014)	The same of the sa	المرابع فتحانات
12.	in city centres/ on streets (Als	o acce _l	ot 'Asia, Europe, North	America, S	South America')
13.	60 minutes/ sixty minutes / one	e hour /	an hour (Do not accep	ot '50-60 m	inutes')
14.	Spark-Renault/ Spark/ Renault	y SRT			
15.	215 kph				
16.	O batteries	0	drivers	•	cars
17.	engines	0	shape	•	batteries
18.	appearance	0	speed	•	sound
19.	 save the environment 	0	sell more cars	0	make driving safer

Notes: One-and-a-half marks each.

open-minded

20.

Qs 11-15: 1) Grammatical mistakes (e.g. 'in city centre', 'on street ') should be ignored.

confident

- 2) Complete accuracy in **spelling** is not required, but any mis-spelt word(s) must be **clearly and convincingly recognisable** as a correct answer to the question.
- 3) As stated in the instructions, answers should consist of <u>not more than four words</u>. (<u>Note</u>: When counting the words, do <u>not</u> include any words provided by the exam-writers.) Longer answers will normally be marked wrong, especially if they are simply copied from the text. HOWEVER, if a student has written one (or even two) extra words and the answer is <u>convincing</u> and <u>clearly correct</u>, common sense should be applied and marks awarded, on a case-by-case basis.

Qs 16-20: Responses must be indicated clearly.

WRITING (GENERAL NOTES)

- The wording of the descriptors in the relevant Rating Scale should form the basis of all decisions (and discussions) on the marks to be awarded.
- There may well be different individual ways of approaching a task or interpreting a picture (or set of pictures), but a basic requirement for all answers is that they are **relevant**.
- If answers are clearly not relevant and the student has clearly not attempted the task that was set, no marks should be awarded.
- However, if a student has genuinely attempted the task, but their answer is only partly relevant, then a reduced mark (not zero) should be awarded.

			פליברל של ללים מלפלים מול לים מול מולים מולים ווים
	GRAMMAR	2 (2.	5 mks)
6.	will / shall / 'II	9.	would / 'd / could
7.	had / 'd	10.	be
8.	What		
Note	es: Half-a-mark each. Spelling must be correct, b	out ign	nore lower/upper case.

			REA	ADING 1 (10 mks)		
1.	0	sight-seeing	•	on a business trip	0	for medical treatment
2.	•	an exhibition	0	a coffee shop	0	the airport
3.	0	architecture	0	size	•	modernity
4.	•	motivation	0	politeness	0	intelligence
5.	0	take a test	•	pass an interview	0	get a degree
6.	•	aviation	0	engineering	0	languages
7.	0	3	0	6	•	9
8.	0	a great deal of	0	completion of a project	•	very long hours of study
9.	0	January	•	April	0	December
10.	•	visit the centre's	0	write to Salah	0	fly to Qatar
Notes	s: One	mark each. Responses mu	ust be i	indicated clearly		

1.00	
6 of 7 و وَلَوْنَةُ لَالْمُرْمِينِّ وَلَالْتَ لِمِيْ الْمُولِينِينِّ وَلَالْمَتْ لِمِيْ الْمُونِّ وَلَالْمُعْ الْمُنْ	

	WRITING 1 (10 mks)
10	 Discusses the topic in a lively, interesting way, making effective use of supporting arguments. The points made by the writer are logically organised and very clear. Makes use of a fair range of structures and vocabulary, with a good level of accuracy.
8	 Discusses the topic reasonably well, but use of supporting arguments is not fully effective. The points made by the writer are reasonably well organized and mostly clear. Use of grammar and vocabulary is reasonably correct, though rather limited in range.
6	 Expresses opinions with some use of supporting arguments, but only in a limited way. The writer makes an attempt to organise his/her points, but this is only partly effective. There is a noticeable lack of accuracy in the use of grammar and vocabulary.
4	 Makes an attempt to discuss the topic, but the result is unconvincing and clearly inadequate. Weak organization makes it difficult to follow the points being made by the writer. Grammar and vocabulary contain frequent serious errors.
2	 A <u>very</u> feeble attempt to discuss the topic: very little relevant content. The points made by the writer are confused and disjointed. The language used is extremely limited and/or seriously distorted.
0	No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the topic) OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense

	WRITING 2 (10 mks)
10	 Tells the story fully and clearly, in a lively, interesting way, providing appropriate details. The text is coherent and easy to read. Not many language errors.
8	 Tells the story clearly enough, but writing lacks interest for the reader. There are several noticeable language errors and the text sometimes lacks coherence.
6	 Manages to convey the main outline of the story, but only in a limited way. Language used is limited in range and/or contains quite frequent errors.
4	 An attempt is made to tell the story, but important points are either missing or unclear. Language used is very limited and/or contains many serious errors.
2	 A <u>very</u> feeble attempt to tell the story: very little relevant content. Language used is extremely limited and/or seriously distorted.
0	No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the pictures) OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English. OR Complete nonsense.



ARRIVING AT FINAL SCORES

LST/ VCB/ GRM/ RDG: In these four sections, all student responses are of the objectively-marked, right-or-wrong type. So there should <u>never</u> be any discrepancies in the marks awarded.

There are two different procedures for ensuring that no such discrepancies occur:

- 1) No action required: With (machine-marked) 'multiple choice' items, discrepancies are automatically excluded by the *ePen* marking system.
- 2) Action required: With 'short answer' items (LST 2a, VCB 2, GRM 2, RDG 2a), there may be (accidental) discrepancies in the scores awarded by the two markers. The Supervisor/Adjudicator should be on the lookout for any such discrepancies, and if they occur, should read the students' response and award the correct mark.

WRITING: In this section, student responses are independently marked by two markers using their judgement (based on the wording of the Rating Scale provided). As a result, differences <u>may</u> sometimes occur between the two scores awarded.

In such cases, there are two possible procedures:

- Acceptable differences: If as in most cases the difference between the two scores is small, i.e. just one level, the Supervisor/Adjudicator is not required to read the student's response. He/She should simply use the mathematical average of the two scores.(*See below)
- 2) <u>Unacceptable differences</u>: However, if the difference between the two scores is substantial, i.e. *more than one level,* the Supervisor/Adjudicator should read the student's response and, after due consideration, decide on an appropriate mark.

CALCULATION OF AVERAGES:

WRT 1		WRT 2	
Pair of	Final	Pair of	Final
scores	score	scores	score
10 / 8	9	10/8	9
8/6	7	8/6	7
6/4	5	6/4	5
4/2	3	4/2	3
2/0	1	2/0	1

IMPORTANT NOTE: As in previous years, *individual* markers should *only* award the marks specified in the relevant Rating Scale* (as in 'pair of scores' above). 'In-between marks' (as in 'final score' above) can *only* be awarded when two (differing) individual marks are combined by the Supervisor/ Adjudicator. [* <u>Note</u>: This means that, even though the computer screen shows <u>all</u> the possible <u>final</u> scores, *individual* markers should *only* use those scores which are mentioned in the scale.]