\I/	
	رقم الورقة
سُاطُنتُهُ	رقم المغلف
وَ زَانُ ثِرُ اللَّهُ سَرَّهُ	

امتحان دبلوم التعليم العام للعام الدراسي ١٤٣٥/١٤٣٤ هـ - ٢٠١٣ / ٢٠١٤ م الدور الثاني - الفصل الدراسي الأول

Engl	ish La	nguage	'B'	المادة:	•	تنبيه:

الأسئلة في (۱۷) صفحة.

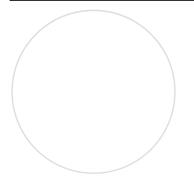
• زمن الإجابة: ثلاث ساعات.

• الإجابة في الورقة نفسها.

عليمات وضوابط التقدم للامتحان:	ت
--------------------------------	---

- الحضور إلى اللجنة قبل عشر دقائق من بدء الامتحان للأهمية.
 - إبراز البطاقة الشخصية لمراقب اللجنـة.
- يمنع كتابة رقم الجلوس أو الاسم أو أي بيانات أخرى تدل على
 شخصية الممتحن في دفتر الامتحان، وإلا ألغى امتحانه.
- يحظر على الممتحنين أن يصطحبوا معهم بمركز الامتحان كتبا دراسية أو كراسات أو مذكرات أو هواتف محمولة أو أجهزة النداء الآلي أو أي شيء له علاقة بالامتحان كما لا يجوز إدخال آلات حادة أو أسلحة من أي نوع كانت أو حقائب يدوية أو آلات حاسبة ذات صفة تخزينية.
- يجب أن يتقيد المتقدمون بالزي الرسمي (الدشداشة البيضاء والمصر أو الكمة للطلاب والدارسين والزي المدرسي للطالبات واللباس العماني للدارسات) ومنع النقاب داخل المركز ولجان الامتحان.
 - لا يسمح للمتقدم المتأخر عن موعد بداية الامتحان بالدخول إلا إذا كان التأخير بعذر قاهر يقبله رئيس المركز وفي حدود عشر دقائق فقط.

- يتم الالتزام بالإجراءات الواردة في دليل الطالب لأداء امتحان شهادة
دبلوم التعليم العام.
- يقوم المتقدم بالإجابة عن أسئلة الامتحان المقالية بقلم الحبر (الأزرة
أو الأسود).
 ـ يقوم المتقدم بالإجابة عن أسئلة الاختيار من متعدد بتظليل
الشكُّل (\bigcirc) وفق النموذج الآتي:
س – عاصمــة سلطنة عمـــان هي:
القاهرة الدوحة ً
🗖 مسقط 🔘 أبوظبي
ملاحظة: يتم تظليل الشكل () باستخدام القلم الرصاص وعند
الخطأ، امسح بعناية لإجراء التغيير.
صحیح 🖿 غیر صحیح 🗖 💽 🗴



LISTENING 1 (Items 1 – 6)

[6 marks]

	You are going to hear a telephone conversation between a brother and sister. Listen, and shade in the bubble (\Box) next to the correct option.							
1.	Safiya works at a hospital	0	 college		hotel			
2.	She asks Rashid to pick up her	daug	hter Amal					
	☐ immediately		in half an hour		later today			
3.	Amal sometimes feels weak and dizzy	0	has difficulty hearing	0	gets headaches			
4.	The doctor thinks this problem listening to loud music	is ca	used by too much studying	0	—. her mobile phone			
5.	Rashid tells Safiya about a new	/ <u> </u>	piece of equipment		medicine			
6.	He says he will send her a website address	0	telephone number	0	magazine article			

LISTENING 2 (Items 7 – 11)

[5 marks]

You are going to hear someone talking about a famous Chinese explorer. Listen, and for each item, write a <u>short</u> answer (Not more than FOUR WORDS).

7.	What was Zheng's <i>first</i> job?

- **8.** Later, as a sailor, how many voyages did he make for the Chinese Emperor?
- **9.** During these voyages, what two products did he sell to other countries?

 *Porcelain and _______
- **10.** After his death in 1433, where was he buried?
- **11.** What items made by Zheng can you still see in museums today?

LISTENING 3 (Items 12 – 15)

[4 marks]

You are going to hear four people speaking. What are they talking about? Listen, and for each item, shade in the bubble (\Box) under the correct option.

	a camera	a country	a letter	a shop	a party	a magazine
12. (1)	0	0	0	0		0
13. (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
14. (3)				0	0	0
15. (4)						0

VOCABULARY 1 (Items 1 – 5)

[2½ marks]

For each item, shade in the bubble (\Box) next to the correct option.

	I was only five years old when my father died. So my mother had to ⁽¹⁾ me by herself. She ⁽²⁾ me to study hard at school. She especially wanted me to read, and used to help me ⁽³⁾ useful books from the local library. After finishing the diploma, I ⁽⁴⁾ SQU at the College of Medicine. You can imagine the ⁽⁵⁾ that I felt! I had achieved my mother's dream!							
1.		look up		look for		look forward to		look after
2.		allocated		captured		installed		motivated
3.		lift		choose		illustrate		deliver
4.		joined		replaced		included		connected
5.		disgust		embarrassment		pride		jealousy

VOCABULARY 2 (Items 6 - 10)

[2½ marks]

For each item, read the definition and the example. Then complete the word in the space provided. You are given the first letter(s) of the word. Make sure your **spelling** is **correct**.

Example: (noun) a room where food is prepared and cooked e.g. They keep the fridge in the kit c h e n

6. (adjective) not smooth

e.g. "Don't go fishing today! There's a strong wind and the sea is very ro _____."

7. (noun) travel; trip

e.g. "How long does the jo _____ to Mussandam take?"

8. (verb) make clear

e.g. "If you don't understand the instructions, ask the teacher to exp _____ them again."

9. (verb) say what you think will happen in the future

e.g. "The sky's beginning to get dark. I exp ____ it'll rain later this morning."

10. (adjective) not wide

e.g. "The road is very *nar* __ _ _ . In some places, it's only wide enough for one car."

GRAMMAR 1 (Items 1 – 5)

[2½ marks]

For each item, shade in the bubble (\bigcirc) under the correct option.

Speaker A:	What's wrong?
Speaker B:	I've lost my book. I don't know ⁽¹⁾ I left it.
Speaker A:	Which book?
Speaker B:	"English Grammar in Use'. You remember, I (2) it two weeks ago.
Speaker A:	Actually, I've (3) borrowed it. It's in my room. Is that OK?
Speaker B:	I suppose so. But (4) long are you going to keep it?
Speaker A:	Only half-an-hour more, (5) I finish my homework.

	after	bought	buy	ever	how	just	unless	until	where	who
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5.										

GRAMMAR 2 (Items 6 - 10)

[2½ marks]

Complete each sentence with ONE WORD only.

- **6.** Three houses ______ destroyed by a storm in 2010.
- 7. "This is _____ worst film I've ever seen!"
- **8.** "_____ Salem go out yesterday?" --- "I don't think so."
- **9.** "_____ she doesn't get the job, she'll be very disappointed."
- 10. He's _____ painting the room all day, but he hasn't finished yet.

READING 1 (Items 1 – 7)

[7 marks]

Match the seven texts on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble (\Box) under the correct option.

- 1. My family's moving to a new house. The rent is higher, but it's much bigger than our old house.
- 2. Please give her my apologies. I won't be able to attend her wedding ceremony.
- **3.** Laila is very angry. She missed her flight to London this morning.
- **4.** I've already arranged my holiday for this summer. I really need to have a rest!
- **5.** She doesn't know how to deal with her son, Ahmed. He's a very naughty little boy!
- **6.** If she has an appointment at the hospital, she'll have to inform the boss.
- **7.** When Ali was a child, he loved books and wanted to be a famous writer.

- **A.** I've chosen a nice, quiet, peaceful place next to the beach.
- **B.** He's in a meeting right now, but just write a short message and leave it on his desk.
- **C.** My brothers are getting older and each of them needs his own separate room.
- **D.** He's hard-working and knows he has to take care of the family after his father's death.
- **E.** I'm leaving the country tomorrow, and I won't be back until next Wednesday.
- **F.** His holiday was a disaster. He became ill, and his money and credit cards were stolen.
- **G.** On the way to the airport, there was an accident, which caused a huge traffic jam.
- H. So I've given her some tips and some books to read about raising children.
- Later, he produced an interesting novel, but he couldn't find a publisher!

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I
1.									
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7									

READING 2 (Items 8 – 13)

[6 marks]

Read the two texts. Then, for each item, shade in the bubble (\Box) next to the correct option.

TEXT 1

Dear Uncle Ahmed,

I feel confused these days! I'm in my second year at college and I'm seriously thinking of dropping out this semester. They always ask us to do painting projects, and we have to buy all the materials using our own money. Personally, I can't ask my father for more pocket money. It's so embarrassing!

Last semester two friends of mine actually left the college because they got good job offers. Now they earn good salaries and no longer need help from their families!

The problem now is Mum. When she heard I was thinking of leaving, she got very upset. She kept talking about my elder brother, who "didn't give up" and "went on to complete his studies". I don't know what to do now! Please help me.

Sami

8.	Sami studying	. C Law	0	Medicine
9.	He is thinking of leaving the of failed in some of his courses	college because he has received an attractive job offer		not got enough money
10.	When his mother heard abou	t this, she had a long talk with _		·
	☐ her husband	the college advisor		Sami

READING 2 (cont'd)

TEXT 2

Dear Sami,

Your mother is absolutely right! She wants the best for you, believe me. Having a college degree will definitely allow you to have more job opportunities. I advise you to think carefully before you make any decision!

Regarding the need for more money, I have a suggestion for you. It's a good idea to participate in some evening activities. I know some places where customers come and pay money to those who draw for them or paint on their faces. If you like this idea, I will send you more information about it.

My last piece of advice is that you should be optimistic, and remember that a good future always needs patience. Think about what I have said, and good luck!

Uncle Ahmed

11.	Uncle Ahmed	the mo	other's point of view.		
	agrees with		disagrees with		is not sure about
12.	He suggests that S	Sami can get more	e money by	_•	
	getting a par job in the eve		speaking to his bank manager		borrowing it from his friends
40	Al				
13.	At the end, he adv	rises Sami to be _	·		
	Calm		serious		positive

READING 3 (Items 14 – 21)

[12 marks]

Read the text. Then complete the tasks.

The Potala Palace is situated on a steep hill in Lhasa, the capital city of Tibet. It was built by King Gampo in 637 AD as a palace for his new bride, Princess Cheng of China. Originally, it had nine floors and a thousand rooms. Unfortunately, the palace was then badly damaged in a war.

The first restoration of the present palace began in 1645 during the rule of the fifth 'Dalai Lama', the religious leader of Tibetan Buddhists. Completed in 1648, the new palace was made of wood and stone, had thirteen floors and was 117 metres tall. The roofs were decorated with ancient writings and designs.

At first, the Potala had just one part: the White Palace. This was the home of the 'Dalai Lama', but was also a place for political activities. Then, in 1690, he added another part and called it the 'Red Palace'. Since then, it has been used for religious activities, and contains many beautiful halls and libraries.

In 1959, the Chinese government took over Tibet, forced the 'Dalai Lama' to leave the country. (He went to New Delhi, where he still lives today.) The Chinese then changed the palace into a museum. However, because of its historical importance, they also started another restoration of the palace in 2002. This restoration lasted for eight years and cost 25 million dollars. Then the building was opened to the general public again. It is divided into eight sections, and tourists can see many items including, most famously, some holy writings written on palm-leaf dating from the 9th century.

Because of the increasing number of tourists, some new rules have been introduced. For example, opening is limited to six hours per day, with a maximum of 2,300 visitors. The busiest months are July to September, and those who want to enjoy a quiet visit to the palace should avoid these months and come in winter instead. For religious reasons, tourists mustn't wear sunglasses or hats, or carry water inside the palace. They can, however, take photos if they ask for permission. They are advised to bring heavy clothes because the palace is always very cold.

In 1994, the Potala Palace was added to the UNESCO World Heritage List. Today, it is considered as the most attractive historical building in Tibet.

READING 3 (cont'd)

<u>Task</u>	One: For each item, write a	short an	nswer (<mark>not more than</mark> F	FOUF	R WORDS).
14.	How was the Potala Palace da		soon after it was built?		
15.	What the names of the two ma			_	
	The	and the			
16.	What kind of books did the 'D		a' keep in the library?	_	
17.	What is the palace used for no				
				_	
Task	Two: For each item, shade in	n the bu	abble () next to the c	corre	ct option.
					•
18.	The Potala Palace is about		years old.		
	250	 50	00		1500
10	The current 'Dalai Lama' lives	in			
17.	_	_			
	China China	∪ In	ndia	\cup	Lhasa
20.	The best time to visit the palac	ce is			
	January	О А	.pril		July
	,		1		,
21.	You are allowed to wear		_ inside the palace.		
	coats	☐ su	unglasses		hats

WRITING 1 [4 marks]

Describe <u>and</u> comment on the picture. Write 40 – 50 words.



WRITING 2	[6 marks]
Write at least 75 words on the following topic:	
"The government already employs people to keep the city clean. It's not <u>my</u> responsibility."	
Do you agree with this statement or not? Give your reasons.	
Your writing should be clear and convincing .	
Do not write in this space	

WRITING 3 [10 marks]

Write a story of at least 100 words based on the following pictures.

You can use the words in the box to help you.

You can also put in more details to make your story lively and interesting.

check out	passport	receptionist	try/ call
employee	airport	look for	give





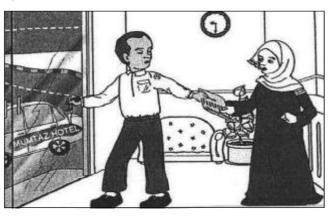




3



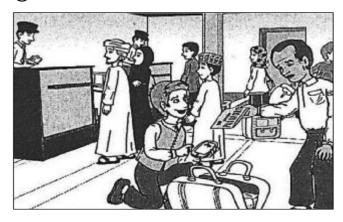




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		_
	[End of Examination]	
	Do not write in this space	

Do not write in this space





GENERAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA ENGLISH LANGUAGE 'B' SEMESTER ONE, 2013/2014, SECOND SESSION



	LISTENING 1 (6 mks)								
1.	0	hospital	0	college		hotel			
2.	0	immediately		in half an hour	0	later today			
3.	0	feels weak and dizzy	0	has difficulty hearing	•	gets headaches			
4.	0	listening to loud music	0	too much studying	•	her mobile phone			
5.	0	doctor		piece of equipment	0	medicine			
6. website address telephone number magazine article									
Note	Notes: One mark each. Responses must be indicated <u>clearly</u> .								

LISTENING 2 (5 mks)							
7. soldier	Notes: (i) One mark each.						
8. seven / 7	(ii) Complete accuracy in grammar & spelling is not required, but answers must be clearly and						
9. silk	convincingly correct.						
10. (at) sea	(iii) In general, apply the 'not more than four words'. HOWEVER, use common sense for slightly						
11. maps	longer, but obviously correct answers.						

	LISTENING 3 (4 mks)									
	a camera	a country	a letter	a shop	a party	a magazine				
12.	0	0		0	0	0				
13.	0		0	0	0	0				
14.		0	0	0	0	0				
15.	0	0	0	0	0					
Notes	One mark ear	ch. Responses mi	ust he indicated i	rlearly						

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The Hade
page 2 of 7 وهنريتين وَالصَفَياسِيَّ عَالَ المَّوَّانِينَ وَالصَفَياسِيَّ عَالَمُ المُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ المُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعَنِّدُ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعْمَلِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعَنَّانِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذِينَ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَلَّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعِينُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَنِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِينَ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِينَ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعَلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِينَ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِّذُ والْمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِيلِي وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِّذُ وَالْمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي ولِمُعِلِي وَالمُعِلِّذُ وَالمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي وَلِمُعِلِي مِلْمُعِلِي وَالمُعِلِي وَالمُعِلِي وَالْمُعِلِي وَالْع

	VOCABULARY 1 (2.5 mks)											
1.	0	look	up	0	look for		0	look	forward to		look after	
2.	0	alloc	cated	0	captured		0	insta	lled		motivated	
3.	0	lift			choose		0	illustr	ate	0	deliver	
4.	•	joine	ed	0	replaced		0	inclu	ded	0	connected	
5.	0	disg	ust	0	embarras	sment		pride		0	jealousy	1
Note	es: Ha	alf-a-r	mark each.	Respons	ses must be	e indicat	ted <u>cle</u>	early.				
					VOCAE	BULARY	Y 2 (2	.5 mks)			
6.	ro <u>u</u>	gh					9.	exp <u>ect</u>				
7.	jo <u>u</u>	ney					10. nar <u>row</u>					
8.	exp	<u>lain</u>										
Note	<u>es</u> : Ha	alf-a-r	nark each.	Spelling	must be co	orrect.						
					GRAI	MMAR 1	1 (2.5	mks)				
	af	ter	bought	buy	ever	how	j	ust	unless	until	where	who
1.	C	>	0	0	0	0	,	0	0	0		0
2.	C	>		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
3.	<	>	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
4.	<	>	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0
5.	(>	0	0	0	0		0	0		0	0
Note	<u>es</u> : H	alf-a-ı	mark each.	Respon	ses must b	e indica	ted <u>cl</u>	early.				

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		193
	GRAMMAR	2 (2.5 mks)
6.	were	9. If
7.	the	10. been
8.	Did	
Note	es: Half-a-mark each. Spelling must be correct.	

	READING 1 (7 mks)									
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	
1.	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	
2.	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
3.	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
4.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
6.	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Note	Notes: One mark each. Responses must be indicated clearly.									

	READING 2 (6 mks)							
8.	•	Art	0	Law	0	Medicine		
9.	0	failed in some of his	0	received an attractive		not got enough money		
10.	0	her husband	0	the college advisor	•	Sami		
11.	•	agrees with	0	disagrees with	0	is not sure about		
12.	•	getting a part-time job	0	speaking to his bank	0	borrowing it from his		
13.	0	calm	0	serious	•	positive		
Note	s: One	e mark each. Responses n	nust be	indicated <u>clearly</u> .				

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1	The state of the s
	Dage 4 of 7 ورف والمنتاب والمنتاب والمنتاب والمنتاب
1	المالاي والمواليات ووالا والماليات

		RE	ADING 3 (12 mks)	11	المان اللائِمة عالى المان الله
14.	war		-#0		
15.	Red Palace + White Palace				
16.	religious/ holy				
17.	(as a) museum				
18.	O 250	0	500	•	1500
19.	O China		India	0	Lhasa
20.	January	0	April	0	July
21.	coats	0	glasses	0	hats

Notes: One-and-a-half marks each.

Qs 14-17: (i) Complete accuracy in grammar & spelling is not required, but answers must be <u>clearly</u> and <u>convincingly</u> correct. (ii) In general, apply the '<u>not more than four words'</u>. HOWEVER, use common sense for any slightly longer, but <u>obviously correct</u> answers.

Qs 18-21: Responses must be indicated clearly.

WRITING (GENERAL NOTES)

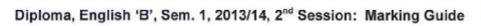
- The wording of the descriptors in the relevant Rating Scale should form the basis of all decisions (and discussions) on the marks to be awarded.
- There may be different individual ways of interpreting and approaching a task, but a basic requirement for all answers is that they are relevant.
- If answers are clearly not relevant and the student has clearly not attempted the task that was set, no marks should be awarded.
- However, if a student has genuinely attempted the task, but their answer is only partly relevant, then a reduced mark (not zero) should be awarded.
- SEE ALSO: 'ARRIVING AT FINAL SCORES' on page 7 of this Marking Guide.



	WRITING 1 (4 mks)
4	- Description and comment are obviously appropriate, and meaning is very clear The language used shows a good level of accuracy.
3	- Description and comment are appropriate and meaning is clear enough The language used contains some noticeable errors.
2	- The task is attempted, but only partially or in a limited way. Meaning is unclear in parts The language used contains frequent noticeable errors.
1	 A very unsatisfactory attempt at the task. Much too short, very unclear, or of little relevance. Language is seriously flawed/ distorted.
0	No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the picture) OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense

<u>Note</u>: The key words in the task instructions are 'describe' and 'comment'. **Both** of these elements should be present if the student is to receive a good mark (i.e. 3 or more) for this task.

	WRITING 2 (6 mks)
5	Discusses the topic in a lively, interesting way, making very effective use of supporting arguments. Writing is well-organised and clear. Few language errors.
5	- Discusses the topic well enough, but use of supporting arguments is not fully effective. - Language is mostly correct, despite some noticeable errors.
4	Discusses the topic and expresses opinions, but use of supporting arguments is sometimes unclear or unconvincing. Language is reasonably correct, but writing sometimes lacks coherence.
3	- Manages some discussion of the topic, but only in a limited way Language contains frequent errors, some of which obscure meaning.
2	- Makes an attempt to discuss the topic, but the result is confusing and clearly inadequate Language used is very limited and/or contains many serious errors.
1	A <u>very</u> feeble attempt to discuss the topic. Very little relevant content. Language used is extremely limited and/or seriously distorted.
0	No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the topic) OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense



	WRITING 3 (10 mks)
10	 Tells the story fully and clearly, in a lively, interesting way, providing appropriate details The text is coherent and easy to read. Not many language errors.
8	- Tells the story clearly enough, but writing lacks interest for the reader There are several noticeable language errors and the text sometimes lacks coherence.
6	- Manages to convey the main outline of the story, but only in a limited way Language used is limited in range and/or contains quite frequent errors.
4	 An attempt is made to tell the story, but important points are either missing or unclear. Language used is very limited and/or contains many serious errors.
2	A <u>very</u> feeble attempt to tell the story. Very little relevant content. - Language used is extremely limited and/or seriously distorted.
0	No No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the pictures) OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense

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ARRIVING AT FINAL SCORES

LST/ VCB/ GRM/ RDG: In these four sections, all student responses are of the objectively-marked, right-or-wrong type. So there should never be any discrepancies in the marks awarded.

There are two different procedures for ensuring that no such discrepancies occur:

- No action required: With (machine-marked) 'multiple choice' items, discrepancies are automatically excluded by the ePen marking system.
- 2) Action required: With 'short answer' items (LST 2, VCB 2, GRM 2, RDG 3a), there may be (accidental) discrepancies in the scores awarded by the two markers. The Supervisor/ Adjudicator should be on the lookout for any such discrepancies, and if they occur, should read the students' response and award the correct mark.

WRITING: In this section, student responses are independently marked by two markers using their judgement (based on the wording of the Rating Scale provided). As a result, differences may sometimes occur between the two scores awarded.

In such cases, there are two possible procedures:

- Acceptable differences: If as in most cases the difference between the two scores is small, i.e. just one level, the Supervisor/Adjudicator is not required to read the student's response. He/She should simply use the mathematical average of the two scores.(*See below)
- Unacceptable differences: However, if the difference between the two scores is substantial, i.e. more than one level, the Supervisor/Adjudicator should read the student's response and, after due consideration, decide on an appropriate mark.

CALCULATION OF AVERAGES:

WRT 1		WR	T 2	WRT 3		
Pair of scores	Final score	Pair of scores	Final score	Pair of scores	Final score	
4/3	31/2	6/5	51/2	10/8	9	
3/2	21/2	5/4	41/2	8/6	7 5	
2/1	11/2	4/3	31/2	6/4		
1/0 ½		3/2	21/2	4/2	3	
		2/1	11/2	2/0	1	
***************************************		1/0	1/2	#########		

IMPORTANT NOTE: As in previous years, *individual* markers should *only* award the marks specified in the relevant Rating Scale* (as in 'pair of scores' above). 'Half-marks' or 'in-between marks' (as in 'final score' above) can *only* be awarded when two (differing) individual marks are combined by the Supervisor/ Adjudicator.

[* Note: This means that, even though the computer screen shows <u>all</u> the possible <u>final</u> scores, **individual** markers should **only** use those scores which are mentioned in the scale.]